## WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

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- 1. ICAM-1, or a functional derivative thereof, substantially free of natural contaminants.
- 2. The ICAM-1 of claim 1, wherein said ICAM-1 is additionally capable of binding to a molecule present on the surface of a lymphocyte.
- 3. The ICAM-1 molecule of claim 2, wherein said molecule contains at least one polypeptide selected from the group consisting of:

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-V-T-C-S-T-$-C-D-Q-P-K;
                    (a)
                         -X-G-S-V-L-N-T-C-S-T-S-C-D-Q-P-K;
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                    (b)
                         -L-L-G-I-E-/T-P-L;
                    (c)
                         -F-L-T-V-Y/X-T;
                    (d)
                         -V-E-L-A-P/-L-P/
                    (e)
                            -L-D-L-R-P-0/G-X-E-L-F-E;
-N-P-T-Y-T-//-G-X-D-S-F-S-A-K;
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                         -S-F-P-A-P-N/N;
                         -R-G-E-K/E-L-K-R-E-P;
                         -L-R-G-E/K-E-L-K-R-E-P-A-V-G-E-P-A-E:
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                    (1)
                         -P-R-G-G-S;
                          -P-G-N-N-R-K;
                    (m)
                         -0-E-D-S-Q-P-M;
                    (n)
                         -T-P-E-/R-V-E-L-A-P-L-P-S;
                    (o)
                         -R-R-D/H-H-G-A-N-F-S; and
                    (p)
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                          -D-L-R-P-Q-G-L-E.
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- 4. A functional derivative of the ICAM-1 of claim 2, which functional derivative is capable of binding to a molecule present on the surface of a lymphocyte, wherein said functional derivative is a fragment, variant, analog or chemical derivative of ICAM-1.
- 5. The functional derivative of claim 4, which contains the following amino acid(s) at the indicated position: S3VS, V4, R13, D26PK, Q27, E34, G46NN, K50V, Q58EDS, D60S, D71GQS, Q73, Y83, E90, N103, A115N, or N175TSA.

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6. The functional derivative of claim 4 which contains: (1) domains 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 of ICAM-1; (2) domains 1, 2, 3 and 4  $\phi$ f ICAM-1; (3) domains 1, 2 and 3 of /ICAM-1; 5 (4) domains 1 and 2 of ICAM-1; or (5) domain 1 of ICAM-1. A recombinant DNA molecule capable of expressing ICAM-1 or a functional derivative thereof/. The DNA molecule of claim 7, wherein said DNA molecule is capable of encoding ICAM-1/ or a functional derivative thereof, wherein 10 said ICAM-1, or a functional derivative thereof, contains at least one polypeptide selected from the group consisting of: -V-T-C-S-T/S-C-D/0-P-K; (b) -X-G-S-V-L/-V-T-1€-S-1T-S-C-D-Q-P-K; 15 (c) -R-P-Q-G-L-E-L-F-E; -L-N-P/T-V-T-Y-G-X-D-S-F-S-A-K; 20 -L-R-G-E-K-E-L; -R-G-Æ-K-E-L-K-R-E-P; -L-R/G-E-K-E-L-K-R-E-P-A-V-G-E-P-A-E; -P-R/-G-G-S; 25 (m) -P-G-N-N-R-K; -Q-/E-D-S-Q-P-M; (n) (o) -T/P-E-R-V-E-L-A-P-L-P-S; -R-R-D-H-H-G-A-N-F-S; and (p) -D-L-R-P-Q-G-L-E. (q) 30 A method for recovering ICAM-1 in substantially pure form which comprises the steps: (a)/ solubilizing ICAM-1 from the membranes of cells expressing ICAM-1, to/form a solubilized ICAM-1 preparation, introducing said solubilized ICAM-1 preparation to an 35 affinity matrix, said matrix containing immobilized antibody capable of binding to ICAM-1,

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- (c) permitting said ICAM/1 to bind to said antibody of said affinity matrix,
- (d) removing from said matrix any compound incapable of binding to said antibody and
- (e) recovering said ICAM-1 in substantially pure form by eluting said ICAM-1 from said matrix.
  - 10. The method of claim 9 which additionally comprises the steps:
- (f) purifying said recovered ICAM-1 of step (e) by preparative gel electrophoresis, and
- (g) eluting said recovered ICAM-1 from a gel employed in step (f).
  - 11. The ICAM-1 produced by the method of any one of claims 9-10.
- 12. The antibody R6-5-D6, or a fragment thereof, wherein said antibody or said fragment is capable of binding to ICAM-1.
  - 13. The antibody of claim 12, in labeled form.
- 14. A hybridoma cell which is capable of producing the monoclonal antibody of claim 12, said cell being ATCC HB 9580.
- 15. A method of identifying a non-immunoglobulin antagonist of intercellular adhesion which comprises:
- (a) incubating a non-immunoglobulin agent capable of being an antagonist of intercellular adhesion with a lymphocyte preparation, said lymphocyte preparation containing a plurality of cells capable of aggregating,
- (b) examining said lymphocyte preparation to determine whether the presence of said agent inhibits the aggregation of said cells of said lymphocyte preparation; wherein inhibition of said aggregation identifies said agent as an antagonist of intercellular adhesion.

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- A method for treating inflammation resulting from a response of the specific defemse system in a mammalian subject which comprises providing to a subject in need of such treatment an amount of an antiinflammatory agent sufficient to suppress said inflammation; wherein said anti-inflammatory agent is selected from the group consisting of: an antibody capab \ e of binding to ICAM-1; a fragment of an antibody, said fragment being capable of binding to ICAM-1; ICAM-1; a functional derivative of ICAM $\downarrow$ 1; and a non-immunoglobulin antagonist of ICAM-1.
- The method of claim 16, wherein said non-immunoglobulin 10 antagonist of ICAM-1 is a non-immunoglobulin antagonist of ICAM-1 other than LFA-1.
  - The method of claim 16, wherein said functional derivative of ICAM-1 is a fragment of ICAM-1.
  - 19. The method of claim 16, wherein said functional derivative of ICAM-1 contains the following amino acid(s) at the indicated positions: S3VS, V4, R13, D26PK, Q27, E34, G46NN, K50V, Q58EDS, D60S, D71GQS, Q73, Y83, E90, N103, A115N, or N175TSA.
    - 20. The method of  $\sqrt{c}$  aim 16, wherein said functional derivative contains:

(1) domains 1, (2) domains 1 2, 3, 4 and 5 of ICAM-1; 2, 3 and 4 of ICAM-1;

(3) domains 1, 2 and 3 of ICAM-1; (4) domains 1 and 2 of ICAM-1; or

(5) domain 1 df ICAM-1.

- 21. The method of claim 16, wherein said ICAM-1 or said functional derivative of ICAM-1 is a soluble protein.
  - The method of claim 21, wherein said soluble protein lacks the transmembrane domain of ICAM-1.

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- 23. The method of claim 21, wherein said soluble protein lacks the cytoplasmic domain of ICAM-1.
- 24. The method of claim 16, wherein said anti-inflammatory agent is an antibody capable of binding to ICAM-1, or a fragment of said antibody, said fragment being capable of binding to ICAM-1.
- 25. The method of claim 24, wherein said antibody is a monoclonal antibody.
- 26. The method of claim 25, wherein said monoclonal antibody is the monoclonal antibody R6-5-D6.
- 10 27. The method of claim 16, wherein said inflammation is a delayed type hypersensitivity reaction.
  - 28. The method of claim 16, wherein said inflammation is a symptom of psoriasis.
  - 29. The method of claim <u>16</u>, wherein said inflammation is a symptom of an autoimmune disease.
    - 30. The method of claim 29, wherein said autoimmune disease is selected from the group consisting of Reynaud's syndrome, autoimmune thyroiditis, EAE, multiple sclerosis, rheumatoid arthritis and lupus erythematosus.
- 20 31. The method of claim 16, wherein said inflammation is in response to organ transplant rejection.
  - 32. The method of claim 31, wherein said organ transplant is a kidney transplant.

- 33. The method of claim 16, wherein said inflammation is in response to tissue graft rejection.
- 34. The method of claims 16 which additionally comprises the administration of an agent selected from the group consisting of: an antibody capable of binding to LFA-1; a functional derivative of an antibody, said functional derivative being capable of binding to LFA-1; and a non-immunoglobulin antagonist of LFA-1.
- 35. A method for treating inflammation resulting from a response of the non-specific defense system in a mammalian subject which comprises providing to a subject in need of such treatment an amount of an anti-inflammatory agent sufficient to suppress said inflammation; wherein said anti-inflammatory agent is a functional derivative of ICAM-1; wherein said functional derivative of ICAM-1 contains the following amino acid(s) at the indicated positions: S3VS, V4, R13, D26PK, Q27, E34, G46NN, K50V, Q58EDS, D60S, D71GQS, Q73, Y83, E90, N103, A115N, or N175TSA.
- 36. A method for treating inflammation resulting from a response of the non-specific defense system in a mammalian subject which comprises providing to a subject in need of such treatment an amount of an anti-inflammatory agent sufficient to suppress said inflammation; wherein said anti-inflammatory agent is a functional derivative of ICAM-1; wherein said functional derivative contains:

(1) demains 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 of ICAM-1; (2) domains 1, 2, 3 and 4 of ICAM-1; (3) domains 1, 2 and 3 of ICAM-1; (4) domains 1 and 2 of ICAM-1; or (5) domain 1 of ICAM-1.

37. A method for treating inflammation resulting from a response of the non-specific defense system in a mammalian subject which comprises providing to a subject in need of such treatment an amount of an anti-inflammatory agent sufficient to suppress said inflammation; wherein

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said anti-inflammatory agent is a functional derivative of ICAM-1; wherein said functional derivative of ICAM-1 is a soluble protein.

- 38. The method of claim 37, wherein said soluble protein lacks the transmembrane domain of ICAM-1.
- 39. The method of claim 37, wherein said soluble protein lacks the cytoplasmic domain of ICAM-1.
- 40. The method of any of claims 16, or 35-37, which additionally comprises the administration of an immunosuppressive drug.
- 41. The method of claim 40, wherein said immunosuppressive drug is provided to said subject at a sub-optimal dose.
  - 42. The method of claim 41, wherein said immunosuppressive drug is selected from the group consisting of dexamethesone, azathioprine and cyclosporin A.
  - 43. The method of any one of claims 16, or 35-37, wherein said anti-inflammatory agent is provided prophylactically to said subject.
  - 44. The method of any one of claims 16, or 35-37, wherein said anti-inflammatory agent is provided therapeutically to said subject.
  - 45. A method of suppressing the metastasis of a hematopoietic tumor cell, said cell requiring a functional member of the LFA-1 family for migration, which method comprises providing to a patient in need of such treatment an amount of an anti-inflammatory agent sufficient to suppress said metastasis; wherein said anti-inflammatory agent being selected from the group consisting of: an antibody capable of binding to ICAM-1; a fragment of an antibody, said fragment being capable of binding to ICAM-1; ICAM-1; a functional derivative of ICAM-1; and a non-immunoglobulin antagonist of ICAM-1.

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- 46. The method of claym 45, wherein said non-immunoglobulin antagonist of ICAM-1 is a non-immunoglobulin antagonist of ICAM-1 other than LFA-1.
- 47. The method of claim 45, wherein said anti-inflammatory agent is an antibody capable of binding to ICAM-1.
- 48. The method of claim 47, wherein said antibody is a monoclonal antibody.
- 49. The method of chaim 48, wherein said monoclonal antibody is the monoclonal antibody  $R6/5-D6/\sqrt{}$
- 50. The method of claim 45, wherein said anti-inflammatory agent is a fragment of an antibody, said fragment being capable of binding to ICAM-1.
- 51. The method  $\phi$ f claim 50, wherein said fragment is a fragment of the antibody R6-5-D6.
- 52. A method of suppressing the growth of an ICAM-1-expressing tumor cell which comprises providing to a patient in need of such treatment an amount of a toxin sufficient to suppress said growth, said toxin being selected from the group consisting of a toxin-derivatized antibody capable of binding to ICAM-1; a toxin-derivatized fragment of an antibody, said fragment being capable of binding to ICAM-1; a toxin-derivatized member of the LFA-1 family of molecules; and a toxin-derivatized functional derivative of a member of the LFA-1 family of molecules.
- 53. A method of suppressing the growth of an LFA-1-expressing tumor cell which comprises providing to a patient in need of such treatment an amount of a toxin sufficient to suppress said growth, said toxin

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being selected from the group consisting of a toxin-derivatized ICAM-1; and a toxin-derivatized functional derivative of ICAM-1.

- 54. A method of diagnosing the presence and location of inflammation resulting from a response of the specific defense system in a mammalian subject suspected of having said inflammation which comprises:
- (a) administering to said subject a composition containing a detectably labeled binding ligand capable of identifying a cell which expresses ICAM-1, and
  - (b) detecting said binding ligand.
- 55. A method of diagnosing the presence and location of inflammation resulting from a response of the specific defense system in a mammalian subject suspected of having said inflammation which comprises:
- (a) incubating a sample of tissue of said subject with a composition containing a detectably labeled binding ligand capable of identifying a cell which expresses ICAM-1, and
  - (b) detect ng said binding ligand.
- 56. The method of any one of claims 54 or 55 wherein said binding ligand is bound in said sample of said tissue.
- 57. The method of any one of claims 54 or 55 wherein said binding ligand is capable of binding to ICAM-1, said ligand being selected from the group consisting of an antibody and a fragment of an antibody.
- 58. The method of claim 57, wherein said antibody is a monoclonal antibody.
- 59. The method of claim 58, wherein said monoclonal antibody is the monoclonal antibody R6-5-D6.

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- 60. The method of any one of claims 54 or 55 wherein said binding ligand is a nucleic acid molecule capable of binding to a molecule selected from the group consisting of a DNA sequence of ICAM-1, and an mRNA sequence of a gene for ICAM-1.
- 61. The method of claim 60 wherein said nucleic acid molecule encodes at least one polypeptide selected from the group consisting of:

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-V-T-C-$-T-S-C-D-Q-P-K;
                         -X-G-S-V-L-V-T-C-S-T-S-C-D-Q-P-K;
-L-L-G/I-E-T-P-L;
                    (b)
                    (c)
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                         -F-L-T/-V-Y-X-T:
                    (d)
                         -V-E-L-A-P-L-P:
                    (e)
                    (f)
                         -E-L-D-L-R-P-Q-G-L-E-L-F-E;
                         -L-N-/P-T-V-T-Y-G-X-D-S-F-S-A-K;
                    (g)
                         -S-F/P-A-P-N-V:
                    (h)
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                         -L-R-G-E-K-E-L;
                    ( i )
                    (j)
                         -R-G-E-K-E-L-K-R-E-P;
                         -L-R-G-E-K-E-L-K-R-E-P-A-V-G-E-P-A-E;
                    (k)
                    (1)
                         -P-/R-G-G-S;
                    (m)
                         -P/G-N-N-R-K:
20
                    (n)
                         -Q/-E-D-S-Q-P-M;
                         -V-P-E-R-V-E-L-A-P-L-P-S;
                    (o)
                         -R-R-D-H-H-G-A-N-F-S; and
                    (p)
                         -D-L-R-P-Q-G-L-E.
                    (q)
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- 62. A method of diagnosing the presence and location of an ICAM-1-expressing tumor cell in a mammalian subject suspected of having such a cell, which comprises:
- (a) administering to said subject a composition containing a detectably labeled binding ligand capable of binding to ICAM-1, said ligand being selected from the group consisting of an antibody and a fragment of an antibody, said fragment being capable of binding to ICAM-1, and
  - (b) detecting said binding ligand. >
- 63. A method of diagnosing the presence and location of inflammation resulting from a response of the specific defense system in a mammalian subject suspected of having said inflammation which comprises:

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- (a) incubating a sample of tissue of said subject with a composition containing a detectably labeled binding ligand capable of identifying a cell which expresses ICAM-1, and
  - (b) detecting said binding ligand.
- 64. The method of an one of claims 62 or 63, wherein said binding ligand is bound to ICAM- present in said sample of tissue.
- 65. The binding ligand of any one of claims 62 or 63, wherein said binding ligand is selected from the group consisting of: a monoclonal antibody capable of binding to ICAM-1; and a fragment of said monoclonal antibody, said fragment being capable of binding to ICAM-1.
- 66. The binding ligand of claim 65, wherein said monoclonal antibody is the monoclonal antibody R6-5-D6.
- 67. A method of diagnosing the presence and location of a tumor cell which expresses a member of the LFA-1 family of molecules in a subject suspected of having such a cell, which comprises:
- (a) administering to said subject a composition containing a detectably labeled binding ligand capable of binding to a member of the LFA-1 family of molecules, said ligand being selected from the group consisting of ICAM-1 and a functional derivative of ICAM-1 and
  - (b) detecting said binding ligand.
- 68. A method of diagnosing the presence and location of a tumor cell which expresses a member of the LFA-1 family of molecules in a subject suspected of having such a cell, which comprises:
- (a) incubating a sample of tissue of said subject in the presence of a composition containing a detectably labeled binding ligand capable of binding to a member of the LFA-1 family of molecules, said ligand being selected from the group consisting of ICAM-1 and a functional derivative of ICAM-1 and

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- (b) detecting said binding ligand which is bound to a member of the LFA-1 family of molecules present in said sample of tissue.
  - 69. A phamaceutical composition comprising:
- (a) an anti-inflammatory agent selected from the group consisting of: an antibody capable of binding to ICAM-1; a fragment of an antibody, said fragment being capable of binding to ICAM-1; ICAM-1; a functional derivative of ICAM-1; and a non-immunoglobulin antagonist of ICAM-1, and
- (b) at least one immunosuppressive agent selected from the group consisting of: dexamethesone, azathioprine and cyclosporin A.
  - 70. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 69 which contains one immunosupressive agent, said immunosuppressive agent being selected from the group consisting of: dexamethesone, azathioprine and cyclosporin A.

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